

The Animal Welfare (Licensing of Activities Involving Animals) (England) Regulations 2018

Guidance notes for conditions for providing day care for dogs October 2018

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Introduction

1. This guidance is aimed at local authority inspectors in England and should be read in conjunction with the Animal Welfare (Licensing of Activities Involving Animals) (England) Regulations 2018 (SI No.486) ⁽¹⁾. Guidance documents are available for each licensable activity under the regulations: dog breeding, pet selling, hiring out horses, boarding for dogs, boarding for cats, home boarding for dogs, dog day care and keeping or training animals for exhibition. There is also Procedural Guidance on the general issues that apply to all activities including on how to assess the star rating of establishments.

What is in and out of the scope: Providing day care for dogs

2. Schedule 1 of the Animal Welfare (Licensing of Activities Involving Animals) (England) Regulations 2018 ("the regulations") defines the licensable activities for each sector. In all cases except dog breeding, the licensable activity is restricted to businesses or those operating on a commercial basis.

Business Test

- 3. The Regulations specify two example business tests to be considered when determining whether an activity is considered commercial, and thus within scope. They are not the exclusive factors to be considered but are examples and other factors, such as those listed in the nine badges of trade set out by HMRC, are also relevant. The regulations include the following on this issue:
- 4. The circumstances which a local authority must take into account in determining whether an activity is being carried on in the course of a business for the purposes of this Schedule include, for example, whether the operator—
 - (a) makes any sale by, or otherwise carries on, the activity with a view to making a profit, or
 - (b) earns any commission or fee from the activity.
- 5. This guidance is intended to assist inspectors in determining whether or not an activity may be subject to the regulations noting that ultimately there will be an element of judgement required.
- Set out below are examples of the type of activity that should or shouldn't be considered within the scope of the regulations and the indicators that should be considered when deciding whether a licence is required.
- Local authority inspectors should take account of all elements of the advice below and weigh them against each other before reaching a decision as to whether an activity falls within scope of the regulations.

^{(1) &}lt;u>Animal Welfare (Licensing of Activities Involving Animals) (England) Regulations 2018</u>

Providing or arranging for the provision of boarding for cats or dogs: definition in Schedule 1 of the regulations

- "4. Providing or arranging for the provision of accommodation for other people's cats or dogs in the course of a business on any premises where the provision of that accommodation is a purpose of the business.
- 5. The activity described in paragraph 4 does not include keeping a dog or cat on any premises pursuant to a requirement imposed under, or having effect by virtue of, the Animal Health Act 1981⁽²⁾."

In scope criteria

Activities that fulfil one or more of the following criteria are subject to licensing:

- 1. Businesses which provide accommodation for other people's cats and dogs, where the provision of that accommodation is part or solely the activity of the business.
- 2. Businesses which arrange for the provision of accommodation for other people's cat and dogs, for example, businesses which connect pet owners with people willing to look after their animals for no fee (just minor expenses). The accommodation provided in these circumstances must meet the conditions in Schedules 2 and 4, and it is the responsibility of the business to ensure that this is the case. The local authority needs to be satisfied that the conditions are met in all of the accommodation provided. The business must provide (and keep updated) a list of their associated premises. This applies regardless of whether the business is arranging for dog boarding in kennels, cat boarding, home boarding or dog day care.
- 3. Businesses which provide daytime accommodation for dogs away from the dogs normal place of residence and do not keep them overnight.

Out of scope criteria

Activities that fulfil one or more of the following criteria are not subject to licensing:

- 1. Businesses where accommodation is provided for other people's cats and dogs, but where the provision of that accommodation is not the purpose of that business, for example, veterinary practices where the accommodation provided is part of the treatment of the animal.
- 2. Businesses that look after the dog within its normal place of residence (i.e. dog sitters, dog walkers).

Guideline indicators of "out of scope" activities

The following may assist consideration of the criteria listed above:

 The Government announced in Budget 2016 a new allowance of £1,000 for trading income from April 2017. Anyone falling under this threshold would not need to be considered in the context of determining whether they are a business.

Overview of the conditions and explanatory guidance

- 9. This document outlines the conditions that must be complied with in order to receive an animal activities licence for the activity of providing day care for dogs. The conditions set out in schedules to the regulations are given in bold throughout this document, whilst the explanatory guidance notes are provided as bullet points.
- 10. In order to be receive a licence a business will need to meet all of the minimum standards outlined in this document. In addition, businesses are encouraged to apply higher standards. A business that meets the higher standards will be able to gain a 4 or 5 star rating in the Animals Activity Star Rating System and will qualify for a longer licence (e.g. two or three years as opposed to a one-year licence) and thereby pay a lower licence fee.
- 11. Whilst applying the higher standards is optional, certain of them are required in order to attract the higher star ratings. To distinguish required higher standards from optional ones they have each been given a specific colour which is used in each guidance document. Higher standards that appear in blue text are required in order for a business to be classed as high standard, whereas those that appear in red text are optional. See the Procedural Guidance for a full explanation of the Animals Activity Star Rating System and how it incorporates a risk assessment of the business.
- 12. Paragraph numbering in the following parts of this guidance document relate to the numbering of the conditions in the relevant Schedules of the regulations.

Part A - General Conditions (Schedule 2 of the Regulations)

1.0 Licence Display

Condition (paragraph numbers relate to the numbering in the Regulations)

1.1 A copy of the licence must be clearly and prominently displayed on any premises used for the licensable activity.

Guidance

 The licence must be displayed in a public-facing area of the premises such as the entrance or reception area.

Condition

1.2 The name of the licence holder followed by the number of the licence holder's licence must be clearly and prominently displayed on any website used in respect of the licensable activity

2.0 Records

Conditions

- 2.1 The licence holder must ensure that at any time all the records that the licence holder is required to keep as a condition of the licence are available for inspection by an inspector in a visible and legible form or, where any such records are stored in electronic form, in a form from which they can readily be produced in a visible and legible form.
- 2.2 The licence holder must keep all such records for at least three years beginning with the date on which the record was created.

Guidance

Electronic records must be backed up

3.0 Use, number and type of animal

Condition

3.1 No animals or types of animal other than those animals and types of animal specified in the licence may be used in relation to the relevant licensable activity.

Guidance

This licence applies only to providing day care for dogs. However, if there are
welfare concerns relating to other animals then the inspector should inform either
the relevant person in the Local Authority, the Police or suitable animal welfare
organisation as appropriate.

Condition

3.2 The number of animals kept for the activity at any time must not exceed the maximum that is reasonable taking into account the facilities and staffing on any premises used for the licensable activity.

Guidance

- The licence conditions must clearly state the numbers of dogs permitted at the premises. Undeclared breach of this number can invalidate the licence, especially if not reflected in increased staffing levels.
- This figure must include any dogs kept in the licensed premises which are not present for daycare and must not be exceeded.

4.0 Staffing

Condition

4.1 Sufficient numbers of people who are competent for the purpose must be available to provide a level of care that ensures that the welfare needs of all the animals are met.

Guidance

- Staffing levels must ensure that each dog's individual welfare needs can be fully
 met whilst under the care of the establishment and animal welfare requirements are
 not compromised through lack of staff.
- Where there is evidence that the welfare needs of the animals are not being met, the inspector should consider if the staffing levels are appropriate. The inspector should take into account:
- The size of premises, it is suggested that each dog should have a space of 9 square metres available to them.
- The layout of the premises i.e. how many dogs may be permitted in each separate area
- The type of dog e.g. breed, age, health status, and needs.
- The qualifications / experience of the staff
- Additional services offered by the establishment
- Use of part-time or voluntary staff
- As a guide, a ratio of staff to dogs in established businesses must not normally exceed 1:10

Higher Standard

• Staffing levels will be up to 1 full-time equivalent attendant per 8 dogs kept.

Condition

4.2 The licence holder or a designated manager and any staff employed to care for the animals must have competence to identify the normal behaviour of the species for which they are caring and to recognise signs of and take appropriate measures to mitigate or prevent, pain, suffering, injury, disease or abnormal behaviour.

- Suitable and sufficient training of staff involved in animal care must be demonstrated to have been carried out in the following areas:
 - o animal welfare, including recognising poor welfare;
 - animal handling;

- o animal behaviour;
- o cleanliness and hygiene;
- o feeding and food preparation;
- Disease control;
- o Recognition and first aid treatment of sick animals and abnormalities.
- New information on disease and inherited disease, legislation and behaviour
- Training must be a minimum of an OFQUAL regulated level 2 qualification in a relevant subject, or clear evidence of knowledge and experience.

Higher Standard

• A member of staff with a relevant accredited Level 3 qualification must be present during the working day.

Condition

4.3 The licence holder must provide and ensure the implementation of a written training policy for all staff.

Guidance

- The training policy must be reviewed and updated on an annual basis and must include:
 - annual appraisal
 - o planned continued professional development
 - recognition of knowledge gaps
 - o Use of online courses and literature
 - If no staff are employed the licence holder must demonstrate their own knowledge development.
- It will be applicable to any members of staff and can be shown by engagement with courses, written or online learning, keeping up to date with any research or developments for specific species and the documentation of the annual appraisal.
- Evidence of staff attendance or completion of the training must be provided

5.0 Suitable Environment

Condition

5.1 All areas, equipment and appliances to which the animals have access must present minimal risks of injury, illness and escape. They must be constructed in materials that are robust, safe and durable, in good repair and well maintained.

- The interior and exterior of the buildings must be maintained in good repair. Outer paths, gardens, exercise areas and general surroundings must be kept in a good, clean, presentable condition.
- There must not be any sharp edges, projections, rough edges or other hazards
 which present risk of injury to a dog. Timber, if used, must be of good quality, wellkept and any damaged areas sealed or over-clad. Exposed wood must be smooth

and treated and properly maintained to render it impervious. All structural exterior wood i.e. fence posts must be properly treated against wood rot, e.g. tanalised. Only non-toxic products may be used.

- Interior surfaces, including floors, must be smooth, impervious and able to be cleaned and disinfected, where appropriate. Floors must have a non-slip, solid surface.
- There must be at least two secure physical barriers (door or gates etc.) between a dog and any entrance or exit to the property to the outer curtilage to avoid escape.
- Fencing must be secure and safe.
- Windows must be escape proof.
- All doors must be strong enough to resist impact, scratching and chewing, and must be capable of being effectively secured.
- Gaps or apertures must be small enough to prevent a dog's head passing through, or entrapment of any limb or body parts. To protect against entrapment any such gaps must prevent the passage of a 50mm sphere, or smaller if appropriate. Where dogs have access to mesh, the diameter of the wire must not be less than 2.0 mm (British Standard 14 gauge welded mesh). Mesh size must not exceed 50 mm in any direction.
- Exercise areas for common use must be suitably drained. Surface ponding of water must not occur and land drainage must be provided where necessary if normal site drainage is inadequate.
- Where artificial turf is used in outside areas, it must be maintained in good repair to avoid ingestion hazards.
- Drainage must be effective to ensure there is no standing or pooling of liquids.

Higher standard

Dogs must be provided with a design and layout that provides them with choice.
 Separate areas for different activities should be provided. This can be achieved by, for example, inclusion of raised platforms

Condition

- 5.2 Animals must be kept at all times in an environment suitable to their species and condition (including health status and age) with respect to—
 - (a) their behavioural needs,
 - (b) its situation, space, air quality, cleanliness and temperature,
 - (c) the water quality (where relevant),
 - (d) noise levels,
 - (e) light levels,
 - (f) ventilation.

Guidance

Dogs must not be restricted to areas when climatic conditions may cause them
distress. Insulation and temperature regulation in the day care environment must
aim to keep the ambient temperature in the dog sleeping accommodation above an
absolute minimum of 10°C and below a maximum of 26°C.

- Dogs must be monitored to check if they are too hot or too cold. If an individual dog
 is showing signs of heat or cold intolerance steps must be taken to ensure the
 welfare of the dog.
- A dog must be able to remove itself from a direct source of heat.
- Heaters must not be sited in a manner or location where they present a risk of burning or electric shock / electrocution to dogs or humans, or a risk of fire.
- Adequate ventilation must be provided to all interior areas without the creation of excessive, localised draughts, and to avoid excess humidity.
- Dogs must not be exposed to excessive noise.
- The sleeping/rest area must provide the dog with at least twice the area required for the dog to lie flat.
- If crates are used, a dog must not be secured in a crate for longer than one hour in any 8-hour period and must not be crated unless a crate forms part of the normal routine for the dog and the dog's owner has consented to the use of it.

Higher Standard

 Ventilation must be a managed, fixed or portable, air system to ensure appropriate temperatures are maintained in all weathers. This can be an air conditioning unit or use of removable fans.

Condition

5.3 Staff must ensure that the animals are kept clean and comfortable

Guidance

- There must be sufficient clean resting places to provide comfort and warmth for every dog.
- The licence holder and staff should ensure that dogs benefit from adequate routine grooming and other health regimes as needed e.g. cleaning of eyes or keeping long fur from matting and inspection for parasites

Condition

5.4 Where appropriate for the species, a toileting area and opportunities for toileting must be provided.

Guidance

- Dogs must have regular opportunities for toileting.
- Where the facility is indoor-only there must be a suitable area provided with a range of substrates to encourage toileting. Individual dogs which do not toilet indoors must be given regular (and a minimum of three) opportunities to toilet outdoors.
- In a home environment dogs must have access to a secure outside area for toileting.

Condition

5.5 Procedures must be in place to ensure accommodation and any equipment is cleaned as often as necessary and good hygiene standards are maintained. The accommodation must be capable of being thoroughly cleaned and disinfected.

Guidance

- All internal furnishings must be capable of being cleaned and disinfected.
- Faeces must be removed from all areas a minimum of twice a day.
- Dogs must be moved from the area whilst it is being cleaned.

Condition

5.6 The animals must be transported and handled in a manner (including for example in relation to housing, temperature, ventilation and frequency) that protects them from pain, suffering, injury and disease

Guidance

- The licence holder must demonstrate that a suitable vehicle is available to transport dogs or, where a vehicle is not provided, a contingency plan in place for emergency transport.
- Dogs must be suitably restrained using a dog crate, dog guard or transport harness.
 Dog crates must be of adequate size, designed to provide good ventilation and firmly secured.
- Where the business uses vehicles to collect and return dogs, the dogs must be collected from and returned to houses on a lead to minimise the risk of any dog escaping.
- If transporting dogs by road, sufficient breaks must be offered for water and the chance to go to the toilet. Journeys must be planned to minimise the time dogs spend in the vehicle.
- Dogs must not be left in vehicles for unreasonable periods and must never be left unattended in a car or other vehicle where the temperature may pose a risk to the animal.
- Vehicles must be regularly cleaned and disinfected.

Condition

5.7 All the animals must be easily accessible to staff and for inspection. There must be sufficient light for the staff to work effectively and observe the animals.

Guidance

- There must be sufficient light in all areas of the premises to which dogs have access, to allow staff to work and observe the dogs.
- Where practicable this must be natural light, but artificial light must also be available.

Condition

5.8 All resources must be provided in such a way (for example, as regards frequency, location, access points) that minimises competitive behaviour or the dominance of individual animals.

Guidance

• There must be multiples of all resources (food, water bowls and sleeping areas). Dogs must be carefully monitored, especially at feeding times.

5.9 The animals must not be left unattended in any situation or for any period likely to cause them distress.

6.0 Suitable Diet

Condition

6.1 The animals must be provided with a suitable diet in terms of quality, quantity and frequency. Any new feeds must be introduced gradually to allow the animals to adjust to them.

Guidance

 If dogs require feeding during the day, they must be fed in accordance with the individual dog's needs and their dietary requirement must be discussed and agreed with the owner.

Condition

6.2 Feed and (where appropriate) water intake must be monitored, and any problems recorded and addressed.

Guidance

- Water intake must be checked and the owner alerted if dog is not drinking or is drinking excessively.
- Veterinary advice must be followed if feeding debilitated, underweight or ill dogs, or those with specific dietary requirements.

Condition

6.3 Feed and drinking water provided to the animals must be unspoilt and free from contamination.

Guidance

- Dry feed must not be left out for more than 24 hours. When wet feed is fed it must be removed before the next feeding time.
- Refrigeration facilities for feed storage must be provided.
- Feed must be stored away from risk of vermin and in appropriately cool and dry places.

Condition

6.4 Feed and drinking receptacles must be capable of being cleaned and disinfected, or disposable.

Guidance

- Receptacles must be non-porous.
- Receptacles must be cleaned daily and disinfected at least once a week. If damaged they must be disposed of or fixed.

Condition

6.5 Constant access to fresh, clean drinking water must be provided in a suitable receptacle for the species that require it.

Guidance

- Fresh water must be provided daily in a clean container and changed or refreshed as often as necessary.
- There must multiple water bowls provided to ensure all dogs have ready access to water.

Condition

6.6 Where feed is prepared at the premises, there must be hygienic facilities for its preparation including a working surface, hot and cold running water and storage

Guidance

- In establishments where staff are employed a separate hand wash basin with an adequate supply of hot and cold water must be provided for them to wash their hands. This must be connected to a suitable drainage system.
- Soap and hygienic hand drying facilities must also be available.

7.0 Monitoring of behaviour and training of animals

Condition

7.1 Active and effective environmental enrichment must be provided to the animals in inside and any outside environments.

Guidance

- A programme must be available setting out enrichment, including, grooming, socialisation and play. All dogs must receive appropriate toys and / or feeding enrichment unless veterinary advice suggests otherwise.
- The premises must obtain the owner's written consent if such enrichment is not recommended.
- Items must be checked daily to ensure they remain safe.
- Dogs must be monitored continually when toys and/or enrichment is present
- Any toys or equipment must not pose a risk of pain, suffering, disease and/or
 distress to the dog and must be correctly used. Items must be checked daily to
 ensure they remain safe and disposed of if they are damaged.

Condition

7.2 For species whose welfare depends partly on exercise, opportunities to exercise which benefit the animals' physical and mental health must be provided, unless advice from a veterinarian suggests otherwise.

- Consideration must be given to life stage, physical and mental health and breed when planning daily exercise.
- Informed written consent from owners must be obtained to enable a dog to be walked outside the facility. Dogs exercised outside the premises must be kept on a lead at all times. No more than four dogs must be walked at the same time.
- Dogs must be monitored whilst in outdoor exercise areas. Outdoor exercise areas must be safe and free from hazards which may cause injury.

- Faeces must be picked up to prevent parasites from being established. Where artificial turf is used, it must be maintained in good repair to avoid ingestion hazards.
- Outside areas must be suitably drained. Surface ponding of water must not occur; land drainage must be provided if normal site drainage is inadequate.
- Dogs must not have direct access to bins.
- Dogs must be prevented from having unsupervised access to ponds, pools, wells and any other features that might pose a risk

Higher Standard

 There must be a clear plan setting out two walks per dog each day for a minimum of 20 minutes each or two sessions of access to a secure open area away from the kennel unit. There must be an alternative form of enrichment planned for dogs which cannot be exercised for veterinary reasons for the same periods of time.

Condition

7.3 The animals' behaviour and any changes of behaviour must be monitored.

Advice must be sought, as appropriate and without delay, from a veterinarian or, in the case of fish, any person competent to give such advice if adverse or unusual behaviour is detected.

Guidance

- The behaviour of individual dogs must be monitored daily and changes in behaviour and/or behaviours indicative of suffering, stress, fear, aggression and anxiety must be recorded and acted upon with all information passed onto the owner. Records of assessment must be kept.
- All staff must be able to identify abnormalities, and in particular dogs that are anxious or fearful about contact.
- Dogs likely to, or showing, signs of being nervous or stressed must be located in a suitable part of the establishment, bearing in mind their individual disposition.
 Where a dog is showing signs of being nervous, stressed or fearful, steps must be taken to address this.

Condition

7.4 Where used, training methods or equipment must not cause pain, suffering, injury or fear.

Guidance

 Training must be reward based (i.e. reward desired behaviour and ignore unwanted behaviour).

Condition

- 7.5 All immature animals must be given suitable and adequate opportunities to -
 - (a) learn how to interact with people, their own species and other animals where such interaction benefits their welfare, and
 - (b) become habituated to noises, objects and activities in their environment.

Guidance

- Documented procedures must be in place to accommodate the needs of dogs under one year of age.
- Dogs under one year of age should be accommodated in a separate social group unless signed permission from the owner is given for the dog to be mixed with other dogs.

8.0 Animal Handling and Interactions

Condition

8.1 All people responsible for the care of the animals must be competent in the appropriate handling of each animal to protect it from pain, suffering, injury or disease.

Guidance

- Dogs must always be handled humanely and appropriately to suit the requirements
 of the individual dog and to minimise fear, stress, pain and distress. Dogs must
 never be punished so that they are frightened or exhibit aversive behaviour.
- People must have the competence to handle dogs correctly. They must also have the ability to recognise and act upon undesirable behaviours.

Condition

8.2 The animals must be kept separately or in suitable compatible social groups appropriate to the species and individual animals. No animals from a social species may be isolated or separated from others of their species for any longer than is necessary.

Guidance

- The ability to separate dogs must be available and consideration must be given to the age, size and behaviour differences between dogs to minimise the risk of injuries.
- A method of review must be in place to ensure that dogs are excluded if they exhibit any aggressive behaviour.
- Dogs which need to be isolated from other dogs must be provided with alternative forms of mental stimulation.
- A documented policy must be in place for monitoring the introduction of new dogs to the existing group to avoid stress to new or existing animals.

Condition

8.3 The animals must have at least daily opportunities to interact with people where such interaction benefits their welfare.

Guidance

 Dogs must receive daily beneficial human interactions appropriate to the individual dog.

Higher Standard

 Dogs must receive beneficial human interactions throughout the day and these must be documented.

9.0 Protection from Pain, Suffering, Injury and Disease

Condition

- 9.1 Written procedures must—
 - (a) be in place and implemented covering—
 - (i) feeding regimes,
 - (ii) cleaning regimes,
 - (iii) transportation,
 - (iv) the prevention of, and control of the spread of, disease,
 - (v) monitoring and ensuring the health and welfare of all the animals,
 - (vi) the death or escape of an animal (including the storage of carcasses);
 - (b) be in place covering the care of the animals following the suspension or revocation of the licence or during and following an emergency.

Guidance

 The procedures must demonstrate how the conditions outlined in this guidance are met.

Conditions

- 9.2 All people responsible for the care of the animals must be made fully aware of these procedures.
- 9.3 Appropriate isolation, in separate self-contained facilities, must be available for the care of sick, injured or potentially infectious animals.

- Provision must be made for the isolation of sick/injured/infectious animals and those that might reasonably expected to be carrying serious infectious diseases.
- Where isolation facilities are provided by the attending veterinary practice, a letter must be provided by the practice stating that they are prepared to provide such facilities. If not the stated isolation protocols must be followed.
- Staff must be observant and monitor for any signs of illness when admitting dogs to the establishment. Animals showing any signs of illness must not be accepted for day care until recovered. The owner must be notified as soon as possible of any illness of an animal which develops whilst in the dog day care.
- Dogs showing signs of infectious disease must not be allowed in any shared outside exercise area.
- Protective clothing and footwear must be worn when handling dogs in the isolation facility, and sanitation protocols adhered to. Whilst in use, the clothing must be kept in the isolation unit and not be removed other than for cleaning and disinfection. Any dogs in the isolation facility must be checked regularly and unless a separate person is caring for them, they must be visited after the other dogs.
- Separate feeding and water bowls, bedding and cleaning utensils must be stored in the isolation unit ready for immediate use.

9.4 All reasonable precautions must be taken to prevent and control the spread among animals and people of infectious disease, pathogens and parasites.

Guidance

- An up-to-date veterinary vaccination record must be seen to ensure that dogs boarded have current vaccinations against canine parvovirus, canine distemper, infectious canine hepatitis (adenovirus), leptospirosis and other relevant diseases. Vaccination against other diseases such as kennel cough (Bordetella bronchiseptica /Canine parainfluenza virus) may be required by the establishment.
- Certification from a veterinarian of a recent protective titre test may be accepted instead of a booster vaccination as required by the establishment. The certificate must state that it is valid for the current period. It is up to the licence holder whether to accept such a certificate.
- Vaccines used must be licensed for use in the UK. Homoeopathic vaccination is not acceptable.
- If there is evidence of external parasites (fleas, ticks, lice) the dog must be treated with an appropriate product authorised by the Veterinary Medicines Directorate (VMD) and licensed for use in the UK. Treatment must be discussed with a veterinarian before administering. Consent from the owner is required.

Condition

9.5 All excreta and soiled bedding for disposal must be stored and disposed of in a hygienic manner and in accordance with any relevant legislation.

Guidance

- This must be in a clearly-marked bin which is emptied either daily or when full, whichever is the sooner. Excreta must be removed in accordance with the documented cleaning and disinfection procedure.
- Storage of excreta must be away from areas where animals or food are kept.

Condition

9.6 Sick or injured animals must receive prompt attention from a veterinarian or, in the case of fish, an appropriately competent person and the advice of that veterinarian or, in the case of fish, that competent person must be followed.

Guidance

 When a dog is suspected of being ill or injured a veterinarian must be contacted for advice immediately and any instructions for treatment recorded and strictly followed with further guidance sought if there is an ongoing concern.

Condition

9.7 Where necessary, animals must receive preventative treatment by an appropriately competent person.

Guidance

 Any preventive treatment must be with consent from the owner and under the direction of a veterinarian.

9.8 The licence holder must register with a veterinarian with an appropriate level of experience in the health and welfare requirements of any animals specified in the licence and the contact details of that veterinarian must be readily available to all staff on the premises used for the licensable activity.

Guidance

- The name, address and telephone contact number, including out of hours provision, of the veterinarian used by the establishment must be displayed in a prominent place, close to the telephone and accessible to all members of staff. The veterinary practice must be within a reasonable travel time.
- Written consent between the dog owner and licence holder must be obtained with regards to which veterinarian is to be used when dog is first placed with licence holder.

Condition

9.9 Prescribed medicines must be stored safely and securely in a locked cupboard, at the correct temperature, and used in accordance with the instructions of the veterinarian.

Guidance

- All courses must be completed to the specifications given by the veterinarian.
- Any unused medications must be returned to the owner or prescribing vet.

Condition

9.10 Medicines other than prescribed medicines must be stored, used and disposed of in accordance with the instructions of the manufacturer or veterinarian

Guidance

 All medications must only be used with prior consent of the owner and / or on discussion with a veterinarian.

Condition

9.11 Cleaning products must be suitable, safe and effective against pathogens that pose a risk to the animals. They must be used, stored and disposed of in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions and used in a way which prevents distress or suffering of the animals.

- The choice of cleaning and disinfectant products must be based on suitability, safety, compatibility and effectiveness. Disinfectant products must be virucidal as well as bacteriocidal.
- Cleaning and disinfection products must be used in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions.
- Staff using cleaning products must be competent in the safe use of detergents and fluids. Cleaning products must be kept entirely out of the reach of animals.
- Standing water must not be allowed to accumulate due to the possibility of pathogens residing in these moist environments.

- Grooming equipment must be kept clean and in a good state of repair. If provided by the owner, it must only be used on that dog and must be sent home with the dog.
- Toys must be cleaned and disinfected between uses for different dogs, disposed of, or returned to the dog's owner (if they came in with the dog).

- 9.12 No person may euthanase an animal except a veterinarian or a person who has been authorised by a veterinarian as competent for such purpose or—
 - (a) in the case of fish, a person who is competent for such purpose;
 - (b) in the case of horses, a person who is competent, and who holds a licence or certificate, for such purpose.

Guidance

- Only a veterinarian may euthanase a dog.
- Euthanasia must be humane and effective.
- The licence holder must keep a record of all euthanasia and the identity of the
 qualified veterinarian that carried it out. The owner or designated main point of
 contact must be contacted to give consent. Unless imperative for the welfare of the
 dog, euthanasia must not take place until consent is given.

Condition

9.13 All animals must be checked at least once daily or more regularly as necessary to check for any signs of pain, suffering, injury, disease or abnormal behaviour. Vulnerable animals must be checked more frequently. Any signs of pain, suffering, injury, disease or abnormal behaviour must be recorded and the advice and further advice (if necessary) of a veterinarian (or in the case of fish, of an appropriately competent person) must be sought and followed.

Guidance

- Presence or absence of faeces and urine must be monitored daily. Any abnormalities in excreta must be recorded and acted upon as appropriate.
- Dogs must be handled at least twice daily as part of their care and enrichment regime, unless handling them would pose a risk to kennel employees or cause stress to the dogs.

10.0 Emergencies

Condition

10.1 A written emergency plan, acceptable to the local authority, must be in place, known and available to all the people on the premises used for the licensable activity, and followed where necessary to ensure appropriate steps are taken to protect all the people and animals on the premises in case of fire or in case of breakdowns for essential heating, ventilation and aeration or filtration systems or other emergencies.

- Entrances and fire exits must be clear of obstructions at all times.
- Suitable firefighting, prevention and detection equipment must be provided and maintained in good working order. Any buildings must have at least one working

smoke detector (or other suitable fire detection system) installed in a suitable location on each separate level / floor of the property and there must be at least one carbon monoxide detector.

- An emergency drill programme must be in place with annual testing, or as
 determined by fire risk assessments. All new members of staff must have this as
 part of their induction programme.
- There must be a plan for accommodation of the dogs should the premises become uninhabitable.
- There must be a documented policy in place for dealing with emergencies, including extremes of temperature and weather conditions (both hot and cold).
- All electrical installations must be installed by appropriately qualified persons and maintained in a safe condition; and sited such that they do not present a risk.
- All equipment must be maintained in a good state of repair and serviced according to manufacturer's guidelines.

Conditions

- 10.2 The plan must include details of the emergency measures to be taken for the extrication of the animals should the premises become uninhabitable and an emergency telephone list that includes the fire service and police.
- 10.3 External doors and gates must be lockable.
- 10.4 A designated key holder with access to all animal areas must at all times be within reasonable travel distance of the premises and available to attend in an emergency.

- In non-domestic settings, an emergency contact name / number must be displayed on the outside of the premises.
- A reasonable distance would, in normal conditions, be interpreted as no more than 30 minutes travelling time.

Part B – Specific Conditions: Providing day care for dogs (Schedule 4, Part 4 of the Regulations)

20.0 No overnight stay

Condition

20.1 No dog may be kept on the premises overnight.

Guidance

Premises must be at a fixed location.

21.0 Suitable environment

Conditions

- 21.1 Each dog must be provided with—
 - (a) a clean, comfortable and warm area where it can rest and sleep, and
 - (b) another secure area in which water is provided and in which there is shelter.
- 21.2 Each dog must have access to areas where it can-
 - (a) interact safely with other dogs, toys and people, and
 - (b) urinate and defecate.
- 21.3 There must be an area where any dog can avoid seeing other dogs and people if it so chooses.

22.0 Suitable Diet

Condition

22.1 Any dog that requires specific feed due to a medical condition must be fed in isolation

Guidance

 Dogs must be fed in accordance with the individual dog's needs and with written consent from the owner

23.0 Monitoring of behaviour and training

Condition

23.1 All dogs must be screened before being admitted to the premises to ensure that they are not afraid, anxious or stressed in the presence of other dogs or people and do not pose a danger to other dogs or staff.

Guidance

A record of the screening procedure for each individual dog must be completed.

Condition

23.2 Any equipment used that is likely to be in contact with the dogs or any toys provided must not pose a risk of pain, suffering, disease or distress to the dog and must be correctly used

24.0 Housing apart from other dogs

Condition

24.1 Unneutered bitches must be prevented from mating.

Guidance

 When in season unneutered bitches must not be accepted alongside entire male dogs for day care unless there is sufficient separation in sound, sight and where possible smell.

Condition

24.2 Dogs which need to be isolated from other dogs must be provided with alternative forms of mental stimulation.

Guidance

- Owners must be informed if their dog has to be kept isolated from other dogs and shown how that will be achieved.
- Isolated dogs must be provided with a dedicated range of toys and other enrichment equipment to encourage species typical behaviour.

25.0 Records

Conditions

- 25.1 A register must be kept of all the dogs at the premises which must include—
 - (a) the dates of each dog's arrival and departure;
 - (b) each dog's name, age, sex, neuter status, microchip number and a description of it or its breed;
 - (c) the number of any dogs from the same household;
 - (d) a record of which dogs (if any) are from the same household;
 - (e) the name, postal address, telephone number and email address of the owner of each dog and emergency contact details;
 - (f) in relation to each dog, the name, postal address, telephone number and email address of a local contact in an emergency;
 - (g) the name and contact details of the dog's normal veterinarian and details of any insurance relating to the dog;
 - (h) details of each dog's relevant medical and behavioural history, including details of any treatment administered against parasites and restrictions on exercise;
 - (i) details of the dog's diet and related requirements:
 - (j) consent forms;
 - (k) a record of the date or dates of each dog's most recent vaccination, worming and flea treatments;
 - (I) details of any medical treatment each dog is receiving
- 25.2 When outside the premises, each dog must wear an identity tag which includes the licence holder's name and contact details.

26.0 Protection from pain, injury, suffering and disease

Conditions

- 26.1 The dogs must be supervised at all times.
- 26.2 A preventative healthcare plan agreed with the veterinarian with whom the licence holder has registered under paragraph 9(8) of Schedule 2 must be implemented.
- 26.3 Any journeys in a vehicle must be planned to minimise the time dogs spend in the vehicle.

Higher Standards

For each activity, a number of higher standards have been agreed. Meeting the higher standards is optional but is the only way to gain a higher star rating. The higher standards are classified in to two types: required and optional and are outlined in the relevant guidance documents for the activity in question. To distinguish required standards from optional ones they have each been given a specific colour which is used in each guidance document. Higher standards that appear in blue text are required, whereas those that appear in red text are optional. To qualify as meeting the higher standards, the business needs to achieve all of the required higher standards as well as a minimum of 50% of the optional higher standards. During an inspection, the inspector should assess whether or not the business meets the required number of higher standards

Required

- Staffing levels will be up to 1 full-time equivalent attendant per 6 dogs kept.
- Dogs must be provided with a design and layout that provides them with choice.
 Separate areas for different activities should be provided. This can be achieved by, for example, inclusion of raised platforms.
- There must be a clear plan setting out two walks per dog each day for a minimum of 20 minutes each or two sessions of access to a secure open area away from the kennel unit. There must be an alternative form of enrichment planned for dogs which cannot be exercised for veterinary reasons for the same periods of time.

Optional

- A member of staff with a relevant accredited Level 3 qualification must be present during the working day.
- Ventilation must be a managed, fixed or portable, air system to ensure appropriate temperatures are maintained in all weathers. This can be an air conditioning unit or use of removable fans.
- Dogs must receive beneficial human interactions throughout the day and these must be documented.



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Any enquiries regarding this publication should be sent to us at:

animal.welfare@defra.gsi.gov.uk