| Directorate | Portfolio | Theme | Outcome | Metric Reference | Metric | Previous Position | Current Position | National Average | Period | Progress | Targets Apr 2025 | Targets Apr 2030 |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| **Adults** | **Adult Social Care, Homelessness, and Inclusivity** | **Independence & Dignity in Older Age** | Increase the number of people helped to live at home | ID1 | Funded Permanent 65+ in residential/nursing homes per 10k | 144.1 (Q4 2021/22) | 151.1 | N/A | Q4 2022/23 | ↑ | 585.6 | Only those in most in need access residential/nursing care at the right point for them |
| | **Population Health and Wellbeing** | | Reduce hospital admissions due to falls | ID2 | Emergency admissions for falls 65+ per 100k | 2189 | 1989 | 2100 | 2021/2022 | ↓ | 1875.57 | Emergency falls in the 65+ age group are low |
| | **Adult Social Care, Homelessness, and Inclusivity** | | Increase levels of self-care / social prescribing | ID3 | % service users who find it easy to find information | 70.6% (2019/20) | 57.7% | 64.6% | 2021/2022 | ↓ | 78.6% | Tameside and Glossop is a place where people are supported to self care |
| | **Adult Social Care, Homelessness, and Inclusivity** | | Good' and 'Outstanding' social care settings | ID4 | CQC Audit Results: % care home beds good or outstanding | 73.4% | 74.4% | N/A | Ad Hoc | ↑ | 80% | All residential/nursing settings are rated good or outstanding |
| | **Adult Social Care, Homelessness, and Inclusivity** | | Prevention support outside the care system | ID5 | Number of people supported outside the social care system with prevention based services | 7085 (Q4 2021/22) | 5211 | N/A | Q4 2022/23 | ↓ | 7500 | All people are supported to remain in the community |
| **Children's** | **Children and Families** | **Very Best Start** | Improve school readiness | V2 (LUI) (GMM) | % achieving a 'good' level of development | 65.7% | 66.9% | 71.80% | 2019 | ↑ | 75% | All children start school ready to learn |
| | **Children and Families** | | | V3 (LUI) | % achieving expected level in Phonics decoding | 78% (2019) | 72% | 75% | 2022 | ↓ | | |
| | **Children and Families** | | Children attending 'good' and 'outstanding' early years settings | V4 | % 3 & 4 year olds at 'good' or 'outstanding' EY settings | 88.0% (Spring 21/22) | 94.0% | N/A | Spring Term 2022/23 | ↑ | 98% | All children to attend good or outstanding early years settings |
| | **Children and Families** | | Take up nursery at 2 Years | V5 (GMFT) | 2 year olds in funded early education- % of DfE Target | 81% (Spring 21/22) | 86% | N/A | Spring Term 2022/23 | ↑ | 95% | All eligible 2 year olds benefit from funded early years education |
| | **Education, Achievement, and Equalities** | **Aspirations and Hope** | Reading / Writing / Maths at Key Stage 2 | A1 | % students achieving KS2 expected standard | 63% (2019) | 57% | 59% | 2022 | ↓ | 70% | All children to be provided with the opportunity to achieve their full educational potential |
| | **Education, Achievement, and Equalities** | | Key Stage 4 attainment | A2 | Average attainment 8 score | 44.2 (2019) | 45.2 | 47.2 | 2022 | ↑ | 50 | |
| | **Education, Achievement, and Equalities** | | | A3 | % achieving Grade 4 or above in English & Maths GCSEs | 63.0% (2019) | 65.2% | 64.4% | 2022 | ↑ | 70% | |
| | **Education, Achievement, and Equalities** | | Young people going into higher education | A4 (LUI) | % Key Stage 4 going into/remaining in education | 84.2% | 86.1% | 89.0% | 2021 | ↑ | 90% | All young people going into/remaining in further education after KS4 |
| | **Education, Achievement, and Equalities** | | Children attending 'good' and 'outstanding' schools | A5 (LUI) | % Primary schools 'good' & 'outstanding' | 92.1% | 92.1% | 89.7% | Ad Hoc | ↔ | 95% | All children attending a good or outstanding primary school |
| | **Education, Achievement, and Equalities** | | | A6 (LUI) | % Secondary schools 'good' & 'outstanding' | 66.7% | 62.5% | 81.2% | Ad Hoc | ↓ | 80% | All children attending a good or outstanding secondary school |
| | **Education, Achievement, and Equalities** | | Proportion of children with good reading skills | A7 (LUI) | % Key Stage 2 achieving expected reading standard | 72% (2019) | 76% | 75% | 2022 | ↑ | 80% | All children to be provided with the opportunity to achieve their full educational potential |
| | **Education, Achievement, and Equalities** | | Promote a whole system approach and Improving wellbeing and resilience | A8 (LUI) (GMM) (LGI) | Secondary Fixed Term Exclusions | 16.65% | 34.32% | N/A | 2021/2022 Academic Year | ↑ | | |
| | **Children and Families** | **Resilient Families and Supportive Networks** | Early Help Intervention | R1 | Child and Family Assessments completed each quarter | 1241 (Q4 2021/22) | 925 | N/A | Q4 2022/2023 | ↓ | | All vulnerable families receive the help they need |
| | **Children and Families** | | Reduce the number of first time entrants into Youth Justice | R2 | First Time Entrants into Youth Justice aged 10-17, rate per 100k | 23.0 (Q4 2021/2022) | 64.3 | N/A | Q4 2022/2023 | ↑ | 212.9 | No young people entering the youth justice system |
| | **Children and Families** | | Increased levels of fostering and adoption | R3 | % Cared for children adopted each quarter | 2.84% (Q4 2021/2022) | 1.56% | N/A | Q4 2022/2023 | ↓ | 18.60% | All looked after children provided with the opportunity to be adopted, where its of benefit to the young person, within the year |
| | **Children and Families** | | Improve the quality of social care practice | R4 | Children's Services Audits Rated 'Good' & 'Outstanding', Year to Date | 34% (Apr 22) | 16% | N/A | Apr-23 | ↓ | 50% | All Children Social Care audits rated good or outstanding |
| | **Children and Families** | **Nurturing Communities** | Reduce victims of domestic abuse | N11 | Domestic Abuse Incidents reported to Children's Services | 270 (Apr 2022) | 164 | N/A | Apr-23 | ↓ | | |
| **Place** | **Inclusive Growth, Business, and Employment** | **Work, Skills, and Enterprise** | Increase median resident earnings | W1 (LUI) (GMM) | Median Annual Income, Full-Time Workers | £27,706 | £29,129 | £33,208 | 2022 | ↑ | £27,492 | The median annual income to be in line with the England average |
| | **Inclusive Growth, Business, and Employment** | | | W2 (LUI) (GMM) | Percentage in Employment (Rolling 12 Month Period) | 74.6% (2021) | 75.6% | 75.8% | 2022 | ↑ | 78% | All people who can work are in work |
| | **Inclusive Growth, Business, and Employment** | | Increase the working age population in employment | W3 | Job Density (Ratio of Total Jobs to Residents Aged 16-64) | 0.56 | 0.57 | 0.86 | 2021 | ↑ | | |
| | **Inclusive Growth, Business, and Employment** | | | W4 | Universal Credit Recipients | 25,012 (Apr 2022) | 26,864 | N/A | Apr-23 | ↑ | | |
| | **Inclusive Growth, Business, and Employment** | | Increase the number of people earning above the Living Wage | W5 (LUI) (GMM) | Universal Credit Recipients in Employment | 40.8% (Mar 2022) | 37.5% | 38.4% | Mar-23 | ↓ | | |
| | **Inclusive Growth, Business, and Employment** | | | W6 (LGI) | New enterprises (percentage of total businesses) | 12.27% | 13.32% | 12.51% | 2021 | ↑ | 18.97% | Tameside is recognised as a vibrant economy where entrepreneurs are supported to start new businesses |
| | **Inclusive Growth, Business, and Employment** | | Increase number of enterprise / business start-ups | W7 | Business Rate Taxbase: Total Rateable Value | £148,477,595 (May 2022) | £148,392,292 | N/A | May-23 | ↓ | | |
| | **Inclusive Growth, Business, and Employment** | | | W8 (LUI) | Regional Gross Value Added Per Head (Balanced): NW Current Prices | £15,617.50 | £14,991.41 | N/A | 2021 | ↓ | | |
| | **Education, Achievement, and Equalities** | | Working age population with at least Level 3 skills | W9 (LUI) (LGI) | Percentage of population with at least level 3 skills | 48.6% | 48.9% | 61.3% | 2021 | ↑ | 54.90% | Higher proportion of Tameside's population have Level 3 skills than the national average |
| | **Inclusive Growth, Business, and Employment** | | | W10 (LUI) | Proportion of employed residents in skilled employment (SOC 1-3, 5) | 47.0% | 52.8% | 60.4% | 2021/2022 | ↑ | | |

| Directorate | Portfolio | Theme | Outcome | Metric Reference | Metric | Previous Position | Current Position | National Average | Period | Progress | Targets Apr 2025 | Targets Apr 2030 |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | Education, Achievement, and Equalities | | | W11 (LUI) | Number of apprenticeships started per 10,000 residents aged 16-64 | 127.6 (1,800) | 65.7 (950) | 54.9 (195,600) | 2022/2023 | ↓ | 2310 | Apprenticeships are available to all that seek them |
| | Education, Achievement, and Equalities | | Increase the number of good quality apprenticeships delivered | W12 (LUI) | Number of apprenticeship achievements per 10,000 residents aged 16-64 | 47.5 (670) | 22.8 (330) | 17.4 (62,030) | 2022/2023 | ↓ | | |
| | Climate Emergency and Environmental Services | Infrastructure and Environment | | I1 (GMM) | Particulate Matter Pollution in the Air (PM2.5, ug/m^3) | 7.60 | 7.67 | 7.35 | 2021 | ↑ | 6 | Air quality to be good and at least be in line with the UK average |
| | Climate Emergency and Environmental Services | | Improve air quality | I2 (GMM) | Territorial Carbon Dioxide Emissions (kilotonnes) | 810.10 | 744.50 | 795.20 | 2020 | ↓ | | |
| | Climate Emergency and Environmental Services | | | I3 | Trees Planted Annually | 16095 | 977 | N/A | 2022/2023 | ↓ | | |
| | Planning, Transport, and Connectivity | | Increase the number of net additional dwellings | I4 (LUI) | Net Additional Dwellings per 10,000 Residents | 16.2 | 18.2 | 41.2 | 2021/2022 | ↑ | | |
| | Planning, Transport, and Connectivity | | Increase the number of affordable homes | I5 (LGI) | New Affordable Homes per 10,000 Residents | 2.51 | 4.63 | 10.47 | 2021/2022 | ↑ | | |
| | Planning, Transport, and Connectivity | | | I6 | Maximum Mean Download Speed | 83.1 (Q4 2021/22) | 123.6 | 112.4 | Q4 2022/2023 | ↑ | 41.5 | All households to have access to high quality internet services |
| | Planning, Transport, and Connectivity | | Digital inclusion | I7 (GMFT) | Premises with Superfast-Capable (30Mbps) Network Infrastructure | 99.5% (Q4 21/22) | 99.5% | 97.8% | Q4 2022/2023 | ↔ | | |
| | Planning, Transport, and Connectivity | | | I8 (LUI) | Premises with Gigabit-Capable Network Infrastructure | 76.6% (Q4 21/22) | 81.9% | 75.8% | Q4 2022/2023 | ↑ | | |
| | Climate Emergency and Environmental Services | | Reduce tonnes of waste sent to landfill and increase the proportion recycled | I9 (LGI) | Percentage of household waste recycled | 47.2% | 52.6% | 42.5% | 2021/2022 | ↑ | 57.78% | All household waste recycled where possible |
| | Planning, Transport, and Connectivity | | Increase journeys by sustainable transport/no car | I10 (LUI) | % population walking / cycling 3+ times a week | 39.0% | 34.3% | 45.6% | 2021 (Nov to Nov) | ↓ | 47% | Tameside is a walking/cycling friendly borough |
| | Towns and Communities | Nurturing Communities | Reduce victims of domestic abuse | N1 | Rate of PPIs per 1000 | 23.8 | 23.7 | N/A | 2022/2023 | ↓ | 25.1 | Tameside has low rates of domestic abuse |
| | Towns and Communities | | Reduce the number of rough sleepers/homelessness | N2 | Street counts & estimates of rough sleepers | 0.48 per 10k Households | 0.40 per 10k Households | 1.31 per 10K Households | 2022 | ↓ | 2 | Nobody sleeping rough on the streets of Tameside |
| | Towns and Communities | | | N3 | Households owed a prevention or relief duty per 1,000 Chargeable Dwellings | 2.82 (Oct - Dec 2021) | 2.86 | 2.82 | Oct - Dec 2022 | ↑ | | |
| | Towns and Communities | | Victims of crime/fear of crime | N6 (GMM) | Crime Rate per 1,000 residents | 10.4 (Mar 2022) | 10.1 | N/A | Mar-23 | ↓ | | Tameside is a low crime borough |
| **Population Health** | Population Health and Wellbeing | Very Best Start | Reduce rate of smoking at time of delivery | V1 | % Smoking at time of delivery | 9.5% (Q3 21/22) | 15.0% | 8.6% | Q3 2022/2023 | ↑ | 10.50% | All expectant mothers to be supported to be smoke free at the time of delivery |
| | Population Health and Wellbeing | | Childhood Obesity | V6 (LUI) (GMM) (LGI) | % of children in year 6 who are overweight or obese | 35.9% (2020) | 39.4% | 37.8% | 2022 | ↑ | 34% | All children to be a healthy weight at the end of Year 6 |
| | Population Health and Wellbeing | Aspirations and Hope | Promote a whole system approach and Improving wellbeing and resilience | A9 (LUI) | Mean worthwhile ratings (adults 16+) | 7.79 | 7.85 | 7.78 | 2021/2022 | ↑ | 8.5 | All residents 16+ feel that the things they do in life are worthwhile |
| | Population Health and Wellbeing | Nurturing Communities | Improve satisfaction with local community | N4 (LUI) | Mean life satisfaction ratings (adults 16+) | 7.43 | 7.62 | 7.55 | 2021/2022 | ↑ | 8.5 | Maintain mean life satisfaction at 8.5 |
| | Population Health and Wellbeing | | | N5 (GMFT) (GMM) | Mean GM life satisfaction score, Y10 Students | 6.02 | 6.13 | N/A | 2022 | ↑ | | |
| | Population Health and Wellbeing | | Increase access, choice, and control in emotional and mental self-care and wellbeing | N7 | Deaths due to suicide- rate per 100,000 | 8.3 | 7.2 | 10.4 | 2019-2021 | ↓ | | |
| | Population Health and Wellbeing | | | N8 | IAPT Referrals | 2525 (Q3 2021/2022) | 2,025 | N/A | Q3 2022/2023 | ↓ | 12383.4 | Everyone has access to good quality mental health services |
| | Population Health and Wellbeing | Longer & Healthier Lives | Increase physical and mental healthy life expectancy | L1 (LUI) | Healthy Life Expectancy at birth | M- 61.9 years, F- 58.7 years | M- 61.6 years, F- 58.2 years | M- 63.1 years, F- 63.9 years | 2018-2020 | ↓ | Male - 61.2 years, Female - 62.3 years | Healthy life expectancy to be in line with the England average |
| | Population Health and Wellbeing | | | L2 (LUI) | Under-75 mortality rate form cardiovascular diseases considered preventable | 41.6 | 46.0 | 30.2 | 2021 | ↑ | | |
| | Population Health and Wellbeing | | Improve the wellbeing of our population | L3 (LUI) (GMM) | Mean happiness ratings (adults 16+) | 7.13 | 7.48 | 7.45 | 2021/2022 | ↑ | 7.52 | Maintain mean happiness ratings above 8 |
| | Population Health and Wellbeing | | Smoking prevalence | L4 (LUI) (GMM) (LGI) | Prevalence of smoking, 18+. Survey Data | 18.3% | 19.2% | 13.0% | 2021 | ↑ | 11% | Tameside and Glossop are smoke free areas |
| | Population Health and Wellbeing | | Increase levels of physical activity | L5 (LGI) | % of population 'inactive' (<30m exercise a week) | 30.5% (Nov 2019 - 2020) | 32.4% | 27.2% | Nov 2020 - Nov 2021 | ↑ | 25.20% | All residents are physical active where possible |
| | Population Health and Wellbeing | | | L6 (LUI) (GMM) (LGI) | % adults (18+) classified as overweight or obese | 70.3% | 69.2% | 63.8% | 2021/2022 | ↓ | | |
| | Population Health and Wellbeing | | Reduce drug and alcohol related harm | L8 (LGI) | Admission rate for alcohol related harm per 100k (Broad Definition) | 1820 | 2085 | 1734 | 2021/2022 | ↑ | 2250 | Alcohol harm rates are low and support is available |
| | Population Health and Wellbeing | | | L9 | Deaths from drug misuse per 100k | 5.6 | 8.8 | 5 | 2018-2020 | ↑ | 4 | Drug misuse rates and low and support is available |